11 LC 36 1744S

The House Committee on Health and Human Services offers the following substitute to HB 147:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Chapter 34A of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Patient
- 2 Right to Know Act of 2001," so as to include information as to whether a physician has
- 3 medical malpractice insurance as part of the physician profile; to provide that a patient has
- 4 the right to inquire as to whether the physician carries medical malpractice insurance; to
- 5 change certain provisions relating to violations and penalties; to require the Georgia
- 6 Composite Medical Board to compile an annual report; to provide for related matters; to
- 7 repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 **SECTION 1.**

- 10 Chapter 34A of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the "Patient Right to
- 11 Know Act of 2001," is amended by revising Code Section 43-34A-3, relating to physician
- 12 profiles, dissemination to public, content and maintenance requirements, corrections,
- 13 judgments prior to April 11, 2001, sealed judgments, arbitration awards, and settlements
- prohibited, by adding two new paragraphs to subsection (c), to read as follows:
- 15 "(7.1) Whether the physician actively sees patients a minimum of five hours a week;"
- 16 "(10.1) Whether carrying any medical malpractice insurance; "
- 17 SECTION 2.
- 18 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 43-34A-5, relating to the
- 19 estimation of fees and collection of payment prior to rendering of services, as follows:
- 20 "43-34A-5.
- A patient has the right to inquire as to whether the physician carries medical malpractice
- 22 <u>insurance and as to</u> the estimated charges for a routine office visit, routine treatments, and
- 23 lab tests prior to receiving such treatment. When asked for such information, the physician
- or other authorized personnel shall give such information freely and without reservation
- or evasion. Violation of this right should be reported immediately to the board. Physicians

11 LC 36 1744S

are not responsible for ascertaining the details of the patient's insurance coverage and

- 27 explaining such information to the patient. A physician may require the payment of his or
- 28 her fee or any applicable copayment in advance of delivering professional services unless
- 29 otherwise prohibited by law."

30 SECTION 3.

- 31 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 43-34A-7, relating to violations
- 32 of chapter and penalty, as follows:
- 33 "43-34A-7.
- 34 (a) Any physician or authorized personnel violating any provision of this chapter shall may
- be assessed a monetary fine as determined by the board by regulation for each day or
- instance of violation.
- 37 (b) A record of the violation shall be maintained as part of the physician profile."
- 38 SECTION 4.
- 39 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 40 "<u>43-34A-9.</u>
- 41 (a) On January 1 of each year, the board shall compile a report for the Governor and
- 42 General Assembly containing a statistical and comparative data analysis using information
- 43 <u>obtained from the physician profiles in addition to other information collected by the board.</u>
- The board shall not be required to distribute copies of the report to the Governor or
- 45 <u>members of the General Assembly but shall provide notification of the availability of the</u>
- 46 report in the manner which it deems to be the most effective and efficient.
- 47 (b) The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following information:
- 48 (1) The number of physicians for which it has created physician profiles;
- 49 (2) The specialty board certification of such physicians;
- 50 (3) The geographic regions of the primary practices;
- 51 (4) The number of physicians participating in the Medicaid program; and
- 52 (5) The number of physicians carrying any medical malpractice insurance and the
- 53 specialty and current hospital privileges of the physicians not carrying such insurance and
- whether such physicians are actively seeing patients."
- 55 SECTION 5.
- 56 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.